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Erratum: Valorizing staple Native American food plants as a food resilience resource

Frontiers Production Office*

Frontiers Media SA, Lausanne, Switzerland

KEYWORDS

agrobiodiversity, domestication, global catastrophic risk, nutritional value, United States agriculture, wild edible plants (WEP)

An Erratum on

Valorizing staple Native American food plants as a food resilience resource

by Winstead, D. J., Jacobson, M. G., and Di Gioia, F. (2023). *Front. Sustain. Food Syst.* 7:1117805.
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Due to a production error, there is a mistake in the first sentence of the Methods section. The reference that currently reads “Consejo Nacional del Ambiente (2001)” in the published version should read “Native American Ethnobotany (1998).”

A correction has been made to section 2. **Methods**, Paragraph 1:

“To create this list of species and cultivars, we have conducted a literature review on species listed as “staple foods” in Daniel Moerman’s book and database *Native American Ethnobotany* (Moerman, 1998), which was created using primary records and ethnographic studies of 291 native people groups in North America.”

The publisher apologizes for this mistake. The original article has been updated.

References

Moerman, D. E. (1998). *Native American Ethnobotany*. Portland: Timber Press.