



Erratum: Differences in Knowledge, Stress, Sensation Seeking, and Locus of Control Linked to Dietary Adherence in Hemodialysis Patients

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An Erratum on

Differences in Knowledge, Stress, Sensation Seeking, and Locus of Control Linked to Dietary Adherence in Hemodialysis Patients

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Reason for Erratum:

Due to a typesetting error, in **Table 5**, the 2nd column should have been headed “Adherent” instead of “B”.

The publisher apologizes for this error and the correct version of the table appears below. This error does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way.

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TABLE 5 | Comparison of personality traits between adherers and non-adherers for potassium, phosphate, and fluid restrictions (mean ± sd).

Restriction	Adherent	n	Sensation seeking (range 6–24)	Impulsivity (range 5–20)	Anxiety sensitivity (range 5–20)	Hopelessness (range 7–28)
Potassium	Yes	23	11.0* ± 3.5	10.1 ± 3.2	13.8 ± 2.8	15.0 ± 3.2
	No	15	13.5 ± 3.8	11.3 ± 2.8	12.9 ± 1.8	15.3 ± 4.1
Phosphate	Yes	28	10.8** ± 3.1	10.7 ± 2.9	13.8 ± 2.6	14.0 ± 3.1
	No	17	13.3 ± 3.4	11.8 ± 2.5	13.1 ± 2.0	16.0 ± 3.4
Fluid	Yes	14	9.1** ± 2.9	9.4 ± 2.3	13.3 ± 3.0	13.9 ± 3.2
	No	25	12.2 ± 3.9	11.4 ± 3.2	13.6 ± 2.1	14.4 ± 3.4

* $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$ (1-tail, adherers vs. non-adherers). For all personality variables, higher scores indicate greater levels of those traits.

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