Check for updates

OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY Frontiers Editorial Office, Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE

Muhammad Shoaib Amjad, a malikshoaib1165@yahoo.com José Manuel Pérez de la Lastra, jm.perezdelalastra@csic.es

RECEIVED 01 May 2024 ACCEPTED 03 May 2024 PUBLISHED 14 May 2024

CITATION

Hassan M, Haq SM, Amjad MS, Ahmad R, Bussmann RW and Pérez de la Lastra JM (2024), Corrigendum: Invertebrates and herptiles for livelihoods—ethnozoological use among different ethnic communities in Jammu and Kashmir (Indian Himalayas). *Front. Pharmacol.* 15:1426320. doi: 10.3389/fphar.2024.1426320

COPYRIGHT

© 2024 Hassan, Haq, Amjad, Ahmad, Bussmann and Pérez de la Lastra. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.

Corrigendum: Invertebrates and herptiles for livelihoods ethnozoological use among different ethnic communities in Jammu and Kashmir (Indian Himalayas)

Musheerul Hassan^{1,2}, Shiekh Marifatul Haq^{1,2}, Muhammad Shoaib Amjad^{3,4}*, Riyaz Ahmad⁵, Rainer W. Bussmann^{2,6} and José Manuel Pérez de la Lastra⁷*

¹Clybay Research Private Limited, Bangalore, India, ²Department of Ethnobotany, Institute of Botany, Ilia State University, Tbilisi, Georgia, ³Department of Botany, Women University of Azad Jammu & Kashmir, Bagh, Pakistan, ⁴Birmingham Institute of Forest Research, University of Birmingham, Birmingham, United Kingdom, ⁵National Center for Wildlife, Riyadh, Saudi Arabia, ⁶State Museum for Natural History, Karlsruhe, Germany, ⁷Biotechnology of Macromolecules Research Group, Instituto de Productos Naturales y Agrobiología (IPNACSIC), San Cristóbal dela Laguna, Spain

KEYWORDS

cross-culture, ethnozoology, medicinal animals, livelihood, Kashmir

A Corrigendum on

Invertebrates and herptiles for livelihoods—ethnozoological use among different ethnic communities in Jammu and Kashmir (Indian Himalayas)

by Hassan M, Haq SM, Amjad MS, Ahmad R, Bussmann RW and Pérez de la Lastra JM (2023). Front. Pharmacol. 13:1043155. doi: 10.3389/fphar.2022.1043155

In the published article, there was an error in Figure 6 as published. The figure included a version of 6c which was used as an informant prop for the participants of the study and was erroneously included in the final version of the figure. The corrected Figure 6 and its caption appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.



FIGURE 6 Different bees and bee related objects sited during field study in J&K, India (A) Apiary (B) Traditional bee hive (C) Apis cerana (D) Apis mellifera.