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Corrigendum: Network pharmacology-based exploration identified the antiviral efficacy of Quercetin isolated from mulberry leaves against enterovirus 71 via the NF-κB signaling pathway

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In the published article, there was an error in Figure 6 as published. The images of Figure 6A, C were duplicated. The corrected Figure 6 and its caption appear below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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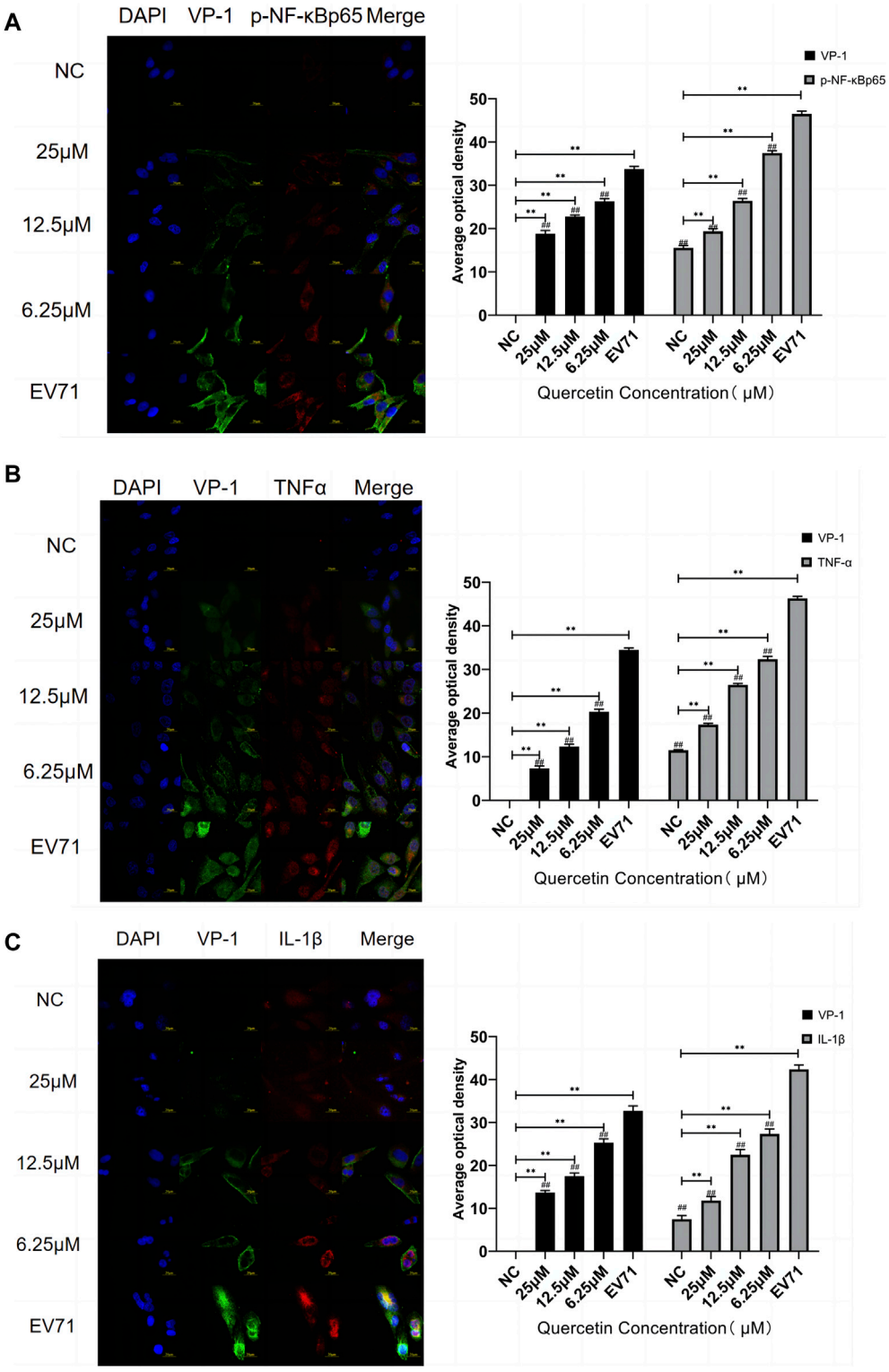

FIGURE 6
Quercetin inhibited the co-localization staining of NF-κB signaling pathway-related proteins and VP-1 in EV71-infected RD cells. **(A)** VP-1 and p-NF-κB p65 protein levels in RD cells. **(B)** VP-1 and TNF-α protein levels in RD cells. **(C)** VP-1 and IL-1β protein levels in RD cells. (Immunofluorescence, 600×, scale bar: 20 μm). Comparison with normal control group, $^{**}p < 0.01$. Comparison with EV71-infected group $^{\#\#}p < 0.01$.