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Erratum: Extracellular volume fraction using contrast-enhanced CT is useful in differentiating intrahepatic cholangiocellular carcinoma from hepatocellular carcinoma

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KEYWORDS

extracellular space, carcinoma, hepatocellular, cholangiocarcinoma, multidetector computed tomography, contrast media

An Erratum on

[Extracellular volume fraction using contrast-enhanced CT is useful in differentiating intrahepatic cholangiocellular carcinoma from hepatocellular carcinoma.](#)

by Honda T, Onishi H, Fukui H, Yano K, Kiso K, Nakamoto A, Tsuboyama T, Ota T, Tatsumi M, Tahara S, Kobayashi S, Eguchi H and Tomiyama N (2023) *Front. Oncol.* 13:1214977. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2023.1214977

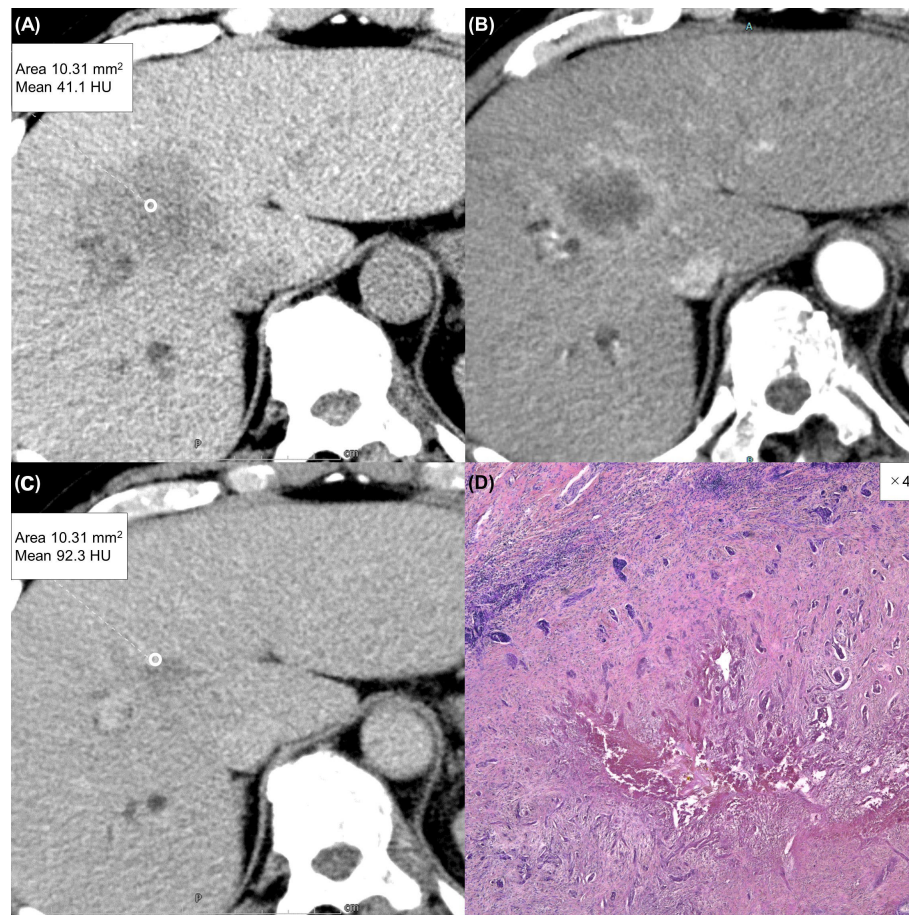


FIGURE 4

A 63-year-old man with a typical intrahepatic cholangiocarcinoma. Precontrast CT shows a hypodense lesion between the left and right lobes of the liver (A). The lesion shows rim enhancement during the arterial phase (B) and progressive enhancement during the equilibrium phase (C). Tumor extracellular volume fraction (fECV) is 52.6%, which exceeds the cutoff value (41.5%). Fibrosis is observed in the tumor histopathologically (D, $\times 4$, hematoxylin-eosin stain).

Due to a production error, there was a mistake in Figure 4 as published. In the figure, subfigure (C) is incorrectly labeled as (D).

The corrected Figure 4 appears below. The publisher apologizes for this mistake.

The original version of this article has been updated.