



RETRACTED: Corrigendum: Upregulation of CCT-3 Induces Breast Cancer Cell Proliferation Through miR-223 Competition and Wnt/b-Catenin Signaling Pathway Activation

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OPEN ACCESS

Edited and reviewed by:

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Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Cancer Molecular Targets and Therapeutics, a section of the Journal Frontiers in Oncology

Received: 12 April 2022 Accepted: 19 April 2022 Published: 19 May 2022 Retracted: 04 March 2025

Citation:

Qu H, Zhu F, Dong H, Hu X and Han M
(2022) Corrigendum: Upregulation of
CCT-3 Induces Breast Cancer Cell
Proliferation Through miR-223
Competition and Wnt/b-Catenin
Signaling Pathway Activation.
Front. Oncol. 12:917378.

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Keywords: ceRNA, miR-223, Wnt/b-catenin, breast cancer, CCT-3

Corrigendum on

Upregulation of CCT-3 Induces Breast Cancer Cell Proliferation Through miR-223 Competition and Wnt/β-Catenin Signaling Pathway Activation

By Qu H, Zhu F, Dong H, Hu X and Han M (2020). Front. Oncol. 10:533176. doi: 10.3389/fonc.2020.533176

In the original article, there was a mistake in **Figure 2F** as published. A mistake was done during the adjustment of tumor formation data due to the unfamiliar with the software. The corrected **Figure 2** appears below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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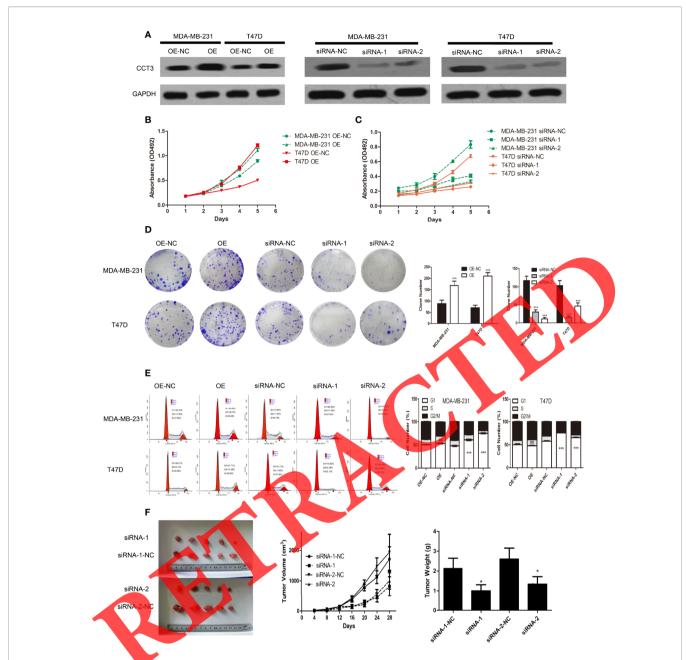


FIGURE 2 | CCT-3 promotes creat cancer cell proliferation and tumorigenicity in vitro and in vivo. (A) Protein levels of CCT-3 expression in CCT-3-overexpressed and CCT-3-silenced cells. MTT assays (B, C), colony formation assay (D), and flow cytometric analysis (E) indicated that the growth rates increased in CCT-3-overexpressed cells and decreased in CCT-3-silenced cells. The cells were arrested in G2/M phase when CCT-3-silenced. Values are mean ± SD of three independent experiments. ##p < 0.01 (OE vs. OE-NC), ***p < 0.001 (siRNA vs. siRNA-NC), t-test. (F) Tumors derived from the vector-infected and the CCT-3-silenced cells. Representative images of tumor growth (left). Tumor volume growth curves (middle). Mean tumor weight (right) at 28 days after inoculation. *p < 0.05, t-test.