



Corrigendum: MiR-128-3p Alleviates Spinal Cord Ischemia/Reperfusion Injury Associated Neuroinflammation and Cellular Apoptosis via SP1 Suppression in Rat

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Keywords: spinal cord ischemia/reperfusion injury, miR-128-3p, SP1, neuroinflammation, apoptosis, rat

A Corrigendum on

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OPEN ACCESS

Edited and reviewed by:

Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Neurodegeneration, a section of the journal Frontiers in Neuroscience

Received: 10 May 2021 Accepted: 20 December 2021 Published: 14 January 2022

Citation:

Wang D, Chen F, Fang B, Zhang Z, Dong Y, Tong X and Ma H (2022) Corrigendum: MiR-128-3p Alleviates Spinal Cord Ischemia/Reperfusion Injury Associated Neuroinflammation and Cellular Apoptosis via SP1 Suppression in Rat. Front. Neurosci. 15:707766. doi: 10.3389/fnins 2021 707766

Injury MiR-128-3p Alleviates Spinal Cord Ischemia/Reperfusion Associated Neuroinflammation and Cellular Apoptosis via SP1 Suppression in Rat by Wang, D., Chen, F., Fang, B., Zhang, Z., Dong, Y., Tong, X., and Ma, H. (2020). Front. Neurosci. 14:609613. doi: 10.3389/fnins.2020.609613

In the original article, in Figure 5B, the same image was used for the sixth image (AV-sh-SP1) and the eighth image (AV-sh-SP1+ inhibitor) by mistake. During the final submission of figures for this manuscript's publication, the eighth image was inadvertently replaced by the sixth image. In the history of our submitted files, the corrected version of Figure 5 is the version we originally submitted, as shown below.

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

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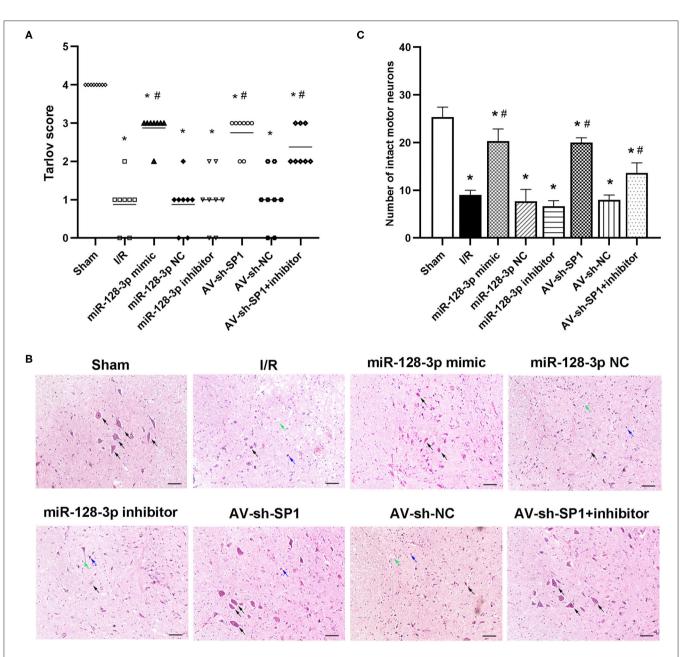


FIGURE 5 [Effects of miR-128-3p mimic and AV-sh-SP1 on neurological function and histologic evaluation after I/R. (A) Neurological function scores at 12 h after I/R in eight groups. Tarlov scores ranged from 0 (paraplegia) to 4 (normal). Each symbol represents one rat (n = 8). (B) Representative sections of L4–L6 spinal cord segments in the central horn of gray matter stained with hematoxylin and eosin 12 h after I/R in eight groups. Scale bar = 100 μ m. (C) Numbers of intact motor neurons of ventral gray matter in the eight groups. The black arrows indicate normal neurons. The blue arrows indicate dead neurons with a diffuse cytoplasm without cellar structure. The green arrows indicate loosened tissue organization. P < 0.05 vs. sham group. #P < 0.05 vs. IR or NC group.