



OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY
Frontiers Editorial Office,
Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE
Julio Morán
✉ jmoran@ifc.unam.mx

RECEIVED 11 August 2023
ACCEPTED 31 August 2023
PUBLISHED 12 September 2023

CITATION
García-Hernández B and Morán J (2023)
Corrigendum: *Txnip* expression promotes
JNK-mediated neuronal death in response to
reactive oxygen species.
Front. Mol. Neurosci. 16:1275888.
doi: 10.3389/fnmol.2023.1275888

COPYRIGHT
© 2023 García-Hernández and Morán. This is
an open-access article distributed under the
terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution
License \(CC BY\)](#). The use, distribution or
reproduction in other forums is permitted,
provided the original author(s) and the
copyright owner(s) are credited and that the
original publication in this journal is cited, in
accordance with accepted academic practice.
No use, distribution or reproduction is
permitted which does not comply with these
terms.

Corrigendum: *Txnip* expression promotes JNK-mediated neuronal death in response to reactive oxygen species

Brenda García-Hernández and Julio Morán*

División de Neurociencias, Instituto de Fisiología Celular, Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, Mexico City, Mexico

KEYWORDS

Thioredoxin Interacting Protein, FOXO3, reactive oxygen species, apoptosis, cerebellar granule neurons, MAPK, Akt

A corrigendum on

[Txnip expression promotes JNK-mediated neuronal death in response to reactive oxygen species](#)

by García-Hernández, B., and Morán, J. (2023). *Front. Mol. Neurosci.* 16:1210962. doi: 10.3389/fnmol.2023.1210962

In the published article, there was an error in the Funding statement. The name of one of the funding sources is incomplete (CONAHCYT) and the name of the Ph.D. program was omitted.

The statement was previously stated that: This work was supported by the Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología (CONACYT) grant number 285184 and by the Dirección General de Asuntos del Personal Académico (DGAPA-PAPIIT, UNAM) grants number IN212019 and IN216422. Brenda García-Hernández was supported by a doctoral fellowship from CONACYT fellowship number 463895. This study is part of the requirements for the Ph.D. degree in Biomedical Sciences of Brenda Vianey García Hernández at Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México.

The correct Funding statement appears below.

This work was supported by the Consejo Nacional de Humanidades, Ciencias y Tecnologías (CONAHCYT) grant number 285184 and by the Dirección General de Asuntos del Personal Académico (DGAPA-PAPIIT, UNAM) grants number IN212019 and IN216422. Brenda García-Hernández conducted this study to fulfill the requirements of Programa de Doctorado en Ciencias Biomédicas of Universidad Nacional Autónoma de México, and received a doctoral scholarship from Consejo Nacional de Humanidades, Ciencias y Tecnologías (463895; CVU 755084).

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.