



OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY
Frontiers Editorial Office,
Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE
Jun Liu,
✉ doc2.0jun@hotmail.com

RECEIVED 05 October 2024
ACCEPTED 10 October 2024
PUBLISHED 21 October 2024

CITATION
Gao D, Zhong W, Zhang W, Wang X, Li W and
Liu J (2024) Corrigendum: Chronic systemic
capillary leak syndrome with lymphatic
capillaries involvement and MYOF mutation:
case report and literature review.
Front. Genet. 15:1506453.
doi: 10.3389/fgene.2024.1506453

COPYRIGHT
© 2024 Gao, Zhong, Zhang, Wang, Li and Liu.
This is an open-access article distributed under
the terms of the [Creative Commons Attribution
License \(CC BY\)](#). The use, distribution or
reproduction in other forums is permitted,
provided the original author(s) and the
copyright owner(s) are credited and that the
original publication in this journal is cited, in
accordance with accepted academic practice.
No use, distribution or reproduction is
permitted which does not comply with these
terms.

Corrigendum: Chronic systemic capillary leak syndrome with lymphatic capillaries involvement and MYOF mutation: case report and literature review

Dehua Gao, Wen Zhong, Weiru Zhang, Xuan Wang, Weiping Li and Jun Liu*

Department of General Medicine, Xiangya Hospital, Central South University, Changsha, China

KEYWORDS

chronic systemic capillary leak syndrome, MYOF gene variant, lymphatic capillaries, VEGF, edema, chylous polyserous effusions, hypotrichosis

A Corrigendum on Chronic systemic capillary leak syndrome with lymphatic capillaries involvement and MYOF mutation: case report and literature review

by Gao D, Zhong W, Zhang W, Wang X, Li W and Liu J (2023). *Front. Genet.* 14:1282711. doi: 10.3389/fgene.2023.1282711

In the published article, there is an error in the **Funding** statement. The correct grant number for the Science and Health Collaboration Fund Project of Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province is 2022JJ70159. The correct **Funding** statement appears below:

Funding

The author(s) declare financial support was received for the research, authorship, and/or publication of this article. This work is supported by the Science and Health Collaboration Fund Project of Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province (Grant No. 2022JJ70159 of JL), the Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province (Grant Nos. 2022JJ40846 of WnZ, and 2023JJ30973 of WiZ), the Graduate Education and Teaching Reform Project of Central South University (Grant No. 2022JGB019 of WiZ). The Science and Health Collaboration Fund Project of Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province (Grant No. 2022JJ70159 of JL) and the Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province (2022JJ40846 of WnZ) has supported literature searches, article publication. The Natural Science Foundation of Hunan province (2023JJ30973 of WiZ) and the Graduate Education and Teaching Reform Project of Central South University (Grant No. 2022JGB019 of WiZ) has supported data collation.

In addition, a correction has been made to **Introduction**, Paragraph 1. This sentence previously stated:

“approximately 75.4% of cSCLS patients have monoclonal immunoglobulinemia.”

The corrected sentence appears below:

“approximately 75.4% of SCLS patients have monoclonal immunoglobulinemia.”

The authors apologize for these errors and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.