



Corrigendum: Roles of Oxygen Vacancies in NiMoO₄: A First-Principles Study

Yuanbin Wen^{1,2}, Pengcheng Wang^{1,2}, Xinying Ding^{1,2}, Xiaobo Feng^{1,2} and Chen Qing^{1,2}*

OPEN ACCESS

Approved by:

Frontiers Editorial Office, Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

> *Correspondence: Chen Qing qingchen1@126.com

Specialty section:

This article was submitted to Electrochemical Energy Conversion and Storage, a section of the journal Frontiers in Energy Research

> Received: 25 January 2022 Accepted: 10 February 2022 Published: 07 March 2022

Citation:

Wen Y, Wang P, Ding X, Feng X and Qing C (2022) Corrigendum: Roles of Oxygen Vacancies in NiMoO₄: A First-Principles Study. Front. Energy Res. 10:861982. doi: 10.3389/fenrg.2022.861982 ¹Yunnan Key Lab of Opto-Electronic Information Technology, Yunnan Normal University, Kunming, China, ²College of Physics and Electronic Information Technology, Yunnan Normal University, Kunming, China

Keywords: density function theory, oxygen vacancies, formation energy, electronic structure, density of states (DOS)

A Corrigendum on

Roles of Oxygen Vacancies in NiMoO4: A First-Principles Study

by Wen, Y., Wang, P., Ding, X., Feng, X., and Qing, C. (2021). Front. Energy Res. 9:793032. doi:10. 3389/fenrg.2021.793032

In the published article, the name of the first author was incorrectly captured as "Yuanbing Wen." The correct spelling of the first author's name is "Yuanbin Wen."

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's Note: All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.

Copyright © 2022 Wen, Wang, Ding, Feng and Qing. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License (CC BY). The use, distribution or reproduction in other forums is permitted, provided the original author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are credited and that the original publication in this journal is cited, in accordance with accepted academic practice. No use, distribution or reproduction is permitted which does not comply with these terms.

1