



OPEN ACCESS

APPROVED BY
Frontiers Editorial Office,
Frontiers Media SA, Switzerland

*CORRESPONDENCE

Xiao-Yu Dai

✉ daixiaoyu@ucas.ac.cn

Pin-Ning Feng

✉ fengpn@mail.sysu.edu.cn

Li-Yuan Han

✉ hanliyuan@ucas.ac.cn

[†]These authors have contributed
equally to this work

RECEIVED 27 June 2023

ACCEPTED 28 June 2023

PUBLISHED 10 July 2023

CITATION

Zhu R-R, Gao X-P, Liao M-Q, Cui Y-F,
Tan S-X, Zeng F-F, Lou Y-M, Wang C-Y,
Xu S, Peng X-L, Dai S-H, Zhao D, Wang L,
Ping Z, Dai X-Y, Feng P-N and Han L-Y
(2023) Corrigendum: Non-alcoholic fatty
liver disease is associated with aortic
calcification: a cohort study with
propensity score matching.
Front. Endocrinol. 14:1248377.
doi: 10.3389/fendo.2023.1248377

COPYRIGHT

© 2023 Zhu, Gao, Liao, Cui, Tan, Zeng, Lou,
Wang, Xu, Peng, Dai, Zhao, Wang, Ping, Dai,
Feng and Han. This is an open-access article
distributed under the terms of the [Creative
Commons Attribution License \(CC BY\)](#). The
use, distribution or reproduction in other
forums is permitted, provided the original
author(s) and the copyright owner(s) are
credited and that the original publication in
this journal is cited, in accordance with
accepted academic practice. No use,
distribution or reproduction is permitted
which does not comply with these terms.

Corrigendum: Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease is associated with aortic calcification: a cohort study with propensity score matching

Rong-Rong Zhu^{1†}, Xu-Ping Gao^{2,3†}, Min-Qi Liao^{2†},
Yun-Feng Cui², Si-Xian Tan², Fang-Fang Zeng², Yan-Mei Lou⁴,
Chang-Yi Wang⁵, Shan Xu⁵, Xiao-Lin Peng⁵, Shu-Hong Dai⁵,
Dan Zhao⁵, Li Wang⁵, Zhao Ping⁴, Xiao-Yu Dai^{6*},
Pin-Ning Feng^{7*} and Li-Yuan Han^{8*}

¹Department of Pharmacy, Hua Mei Hospital, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Zhejiang, China, ²Department of Public Health and Preventive Medicine, School of Medicine, Jinan University, Guangdong, China, ³Department of Child & Adolescent Psychiatry, Peking University Sixth Hospital (Institute of Mental Health), National Clinical Research Center for Mental Disorders and NHC Key Laboratory of Mental Health (Peking University Sixth Hospital), Beijing, China, ⁴Department of Health Management, Beijing Xiao Tang Shan Hospital, Beijing, China, ⁵Department of Non-communicable Disease Prevention and Control, Shenzhen Nanshan Center for Chronic Disease Control, Shenzhen, China, ⁶Department of Anus & Intestine Surgery, Key Laboratory of Diagnosis and Treatment of Digestive System Tumors of Zhejiang Province, Hua Mei Hospital, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Ningbo, China, ⁷Department of Clinical Laboratory, The First Affiliated Hospital of Sun Yat-Sen University, Guangzhou, China, ⁸Department of Global Health, Ningbo Institute of Life and Health Industry, University of Chinese Academy of Sciences, Ningbo, China

KEYWORDS

non-alcoholic fatty liver disease, aortic calcification, propensity score-matching, Cox proportional-hazards regression, cohort study

A Corrigendum on

Non-alcoholic fatty liver disease is associated with aortic calcification: a cohort study with propensity score matching

by Zhu R-R, Gao X-P, Liao M-Q, Cui Y-F, Tan S-X, Zeng F-F, Lou Y-M, Wang C-Y, Xu S, Peng X-L, Dai S-H, Zhao D, Wang L, Ping Z, Dai X-Y, Feng P-N and Han L-Y (2022). *Front. Endocrinol.* 13:880683. doi: 10.3389/fendo.2022.880683

In the published article, there was an error in the Funding statement. The funding from the Public Welfare Foundation of Ningbo (2021S108) was missing. The correct Funding statement appears below.

Funding

This study was funded by the Key Laboratory of Diagnosis, Treatment and Research of Digestive System Tumor of Zhejiang Province (2019E10020), Youth Top-notch Personal Project from Fangshan District Excellent Talent Cultivation Funds (Grant no. 2016000000007B001), the Natural Public Welfare Fund of Zhejiang Province (LGC20H160002), the Medical and Health Science and Technology Foundation of Zhejiang Province (2019KY595, 2018KY690, 2018KY699, 2017KY593, 2017KY594), the

Natural Science Foundation of Ningbo (2018A610368, 2017A610145, 2017A610158, 2016A610135), the Public Welfare Foundation of Ningbo (2021S108), Key Projects of Ningbo Public Welfare Fund (20211JCGY020386), and Ningbo Medical Discipline (2022-B11).

The authors apologize for this error and state that this does not change the scientific conclusions of the article in any way. The original article has been updated.

Publisher's note

All claims expressed in this article are solely those of the authors and do not necessarily represent those of their affiliated organizations, or those of the publisher, the editors and the reviewers. Any product that may be evaluated in this article, or claim that may be made by its manufacturer, is not guaranteed or endorsed by the publisher.