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Summary of Keynote Speeches from the 2024 Voice Al Symposium, presented by the Bridge2AI-Voice Consortium

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Introduction: The 2024 Voice AI Symposium, hosted by the Bridge2AI-Voice Consortium in Tampa, FL, featured two keynote speeches that addressed the intersection of voice AI, healthcare, ethics, and law. Dr. Rupal Patel and Dr. Nicholson Price provided insights into the advancements, applications, and challenges of AI-driven voice tools in healthcare. The symposium aimed to advance cross-disciplinary collaboration and establish frameworks for the ethical use of AI technologies in healthcare.

Methods: The keynote speeches, delivered on May 1st and 2nd, were 30 minutes each, followed by 10-minutes Q&A sessions. The audio was recorded and transcribed using Whisper (v7.13.1). Content summaries were generated with the aid of ChatGPT (v4.0), and the authors reviewed and edited the final transcripts to ensure accuracy and clarity.

Results: Dr. Rupal Patel's keynote, "Reflections and New Frontiers in Voice AI", explored the potential of voice AI for early detection of health conditions, monitoring disease progression, and promoting non-invasive global health management. She highlighted innovative uses beyond traditional applications, such as examining menopause-related symptoms. Dr. Nicholson Price's keynote, "Governance for Clinical Voice AI", addressed the regulatory and ethical challenges posed by AI in healthcare. He stressed the need for context-aware systems and dynamic legal frameworks to address liability and accountability.

Conclusions: The 2024 Voice AI Symposium highlighted the transformative potential of voice AI for early detection, health monitoring, and reducing healthcare disparities. It also underscored the importance of dynamic governance to address the ethical and regulatory challenges of deploying AI in clinical settings.

KEYWORDS

artificial intelligence, audiomics, voice biomarkers, Bridge2AI, Bridge2AI-Voice

Reflections and New Frontiers in Voice AI

Title: "Reflections and New Frontiers in Voice AI"

Speaker: Rupal Patel, MHSc, PhD; Professor of Communication Sciences and Disorders and Computer Science at Northeastern University

Dr. Rupal Patel delivered a compelling keynote speech at the Voice AI Symposium, addressing the significant potential and challenges of voice AI in the healthcare sector. Her talk was titled "Reflections and New Frontiers in Voice AI", where she underscored the importance of innovative applications in speech and voice health through artificial intelligence. She began by reinforcing the symposium's themes of creating robust data sets, advocating for ethical AI use, raising awareness about voice disorders, and fostering multidisciplinary collaboration.

Dr. Patel elaborated on the use of voice AI to detect early signs of disorders, differentiate between co-occurring diseases, monitor disease progression, and predict future health trajectories. She emphasized the value of voice AI in non-invasive, cost-effective global health monitoring, highlighting its ability to cross linguistic and cultural boundaries. She also discussed potential pitfalls of over-reliance on individual vocal cues such as pitch and loudness, which might vary significantly across cultural and linguistic contexts.

Addressing the practical applications, Dr. Patel noted voice AI's role in diagnosing and monitoring various conditions, including respiratory and cardiovascular disorders, neurological conditions such as Parkinson's disease, and mental health issues like depression and anxiety. She called for more innovative thinking in expanding the use cases of voice AI beyond traditional applications to include under-researched areas such as menopause, which affects a substantial portion of the global female population and exhibits symptoms that overlap with other health conditions.

The speech also touched upon the integration of voice AI with other technologies such as signal processing, natural language processing, wearable computing, and big data analytics. This integration enhances the capability to collect and analyze vast amounts of health data in real time, potentially transforming approaches to health monitoring and diagnosis.

In her closing remarks, Dr. Patel advocated for sparking a global movement to normalize and encourage the widespread use of voice AI in everyday health management, similar to how the ALS Ice Bucket Challenge raised awareness and funds for ALS research. She stressed the importance of ethical considerations, data transparency, and the need to ensure that voice AI technology does not exacerbate existing disparities in healthcare access and quality.

The subsequent Q&A session allowed the audience to engage directly with Dr. Patel, exploring further the themes of de-siloing health data and the practical steps smaller teams can take to contribute to the broader goals of the voice AI field. Dr. Patel's responses highlighted the importance of maintaining a broad perspective while acknowledging the constraints and focused goals of smaller research teams.

Overall, Dr. Rupal Patel's keynote at the Voice AI Symposium provided a thorough overview of the current landscape of voice AI

in healthcare, its potential for future growth, and the ethical, cultural, and practical challenges that need to be addressed to fully harness its capabilities.

Governance for Clinical Voice AI

Title: "Governance for Clinical Voice AI"

Speaker: Nicholson Price, PhD, JD; Professor of Law at the University of Michigan Law School

In his keynote address, Dr. Nicholson Price provided nuanced insights into the impact of AI on healthcare, emphasizing the urgent need for tailored legal and ethical frameworks to address the unique challenges posed by AI technologies. He critiqued the current regulatory mechanisms, like those of the FDA, which he believes are ill-equipped to manage the differences in AI performance across healthcare settings. Dr. Price advocated for governance that can keep pace with technological advancements and adapt to the variability in AI applications.

A significant portion of his discussion was dedicated to the inherent biases within AI systems. He referenced a study by Obermeyer et al. which demonstrated how an AI system used in healthcare under-assessed the health needs of Black patients by incorrectly using healthcare costs as a proxy for healthcare needs (1). This, Dr. Price noted, is a stark example of how AI can perpetuate, or even exacerbate, existing inequalities unless these systems are rigorously monitored and corrected.

Dr. Price also brought up several instances where AI tools failed when applied in different contexts from where they were developed. He pointed out a case involving a tuberculosis detection AI that incorrectly diagnosed patients based on the type of x-ray machine used, rather than the patients' actual medical conditions, illustrating the need for AI systems to be context-aware and tested across diverse environments (2).

Highlighting the importance of considering human oversight in healthcare AI applications, Dr. Price argued that AI should augment but not replace the nuanced decision-making of healthcare providers when expert providers are available. However, he also stressed the limits of relying on humans in the loop to mitigate risks associated with AI decision-making, given the prevalence of care settings where expert providers are unavailable or overworked.

Throughout his presentation, Dr. Price interwove significant legal considerations, pondering the allocation of liability when AI systems cause harm. He underscored the necessity for developing legal frameworks that account for the shared responsibilities among AI developers, healthcare providers, and regulatory bodies.

During the Q&A session that followed, Dr. Price engaged with the audience on practical ways to implement these frameworks without hampering innovation. He called for continued dialogue among technologists, legal experts, ethicists, and healthcare providers to ensure that AI tools are developed and deployed both ethically and effectively.

In conclusion, Dr. Price's speech offered a thorough examination of the interplay between AI, law, and ethics in healthcare, proposing a balanced approach that maximizes the benefits of AI while diligently addressing its potential risks.

Author contributions

RP: Writing – review & editing. NP: Writing – review & editing. RB: Writing – review & editing. SB: Writing – review & editing. YB: Writing – review & editing. J-CB-P: Writing – review & editing. DD: Writing – review & editing. CJ: Writing – review & editing. AK: Writing – review & editing. SS: Writing – review & editing. JT: Writing – original draft, Writing – review & editing. SW: Writing – review & editing. RZ: Writing – review & editing. MP: Writing – review & editing.

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Conflict of interest

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