

Assessing microbial water quality, users' perceptions and system functionality following a combined water safety intervention in rural Nepal

Supplemental Materials

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1 Supplementary Data

Microbial quality of chlorinated water systems

System-chlorination improved microbial water quality at the point of consumption among households where chlorine was measured (see **Figure 4**). Amongst all treatment systems in which chlorination was intended but undetected, *E. coli* contamination was not significantly different from the treatment systems without planned chlorination. However, a significant difference in the *E. coli* concentration was observed from baseline to endline at the point of consumption amongst the households where free residual chlorine was measured. There, the *E. coli* concentration was significantly lower at endline than at baseline.

Chlorination improved microbial water quality significantly although in many systems where chlorination was intended, it was not carried out on a regular basis as indicated by a lack of detectable residual chlorine and stated through key informant interviews. In a total of 6 systems (minimum 1 per district), chlorination was planned regularly. However, only in 11% of the households in the systems where chlorination was intended there was actually measurable chlorine concentration at the point of consumption at the time of endline data collection. These 19 households belonged to two systems. The measured chlorine level varied between 0.1 and 1.5 mg Cl/L (M= 0.5, SD= 0.6). In 9 of these 19 water samples, we measured 0.1 mg Cl/L, the others ranged from 0.2 – 1.5 mg Cl/L within the recommended dosing range of 0.2 - 5.0 mg/L for disinfection efficacy (WHO, 2011). These 10 households had non-detectable *E. coli* concentrations except for one with 1.5 mg Cl/L, which showed 1 *E. coli* CFU/100 mL. Six of the households with 0.1 mg Cl/L had <1 *E. coli* CFU/100 mL at endline, one had 1 *E. coli* CFU/100 mL another had 15 *E. coli* CFU/100 mL, and for one the *E. coli* concentration was too numerous to count (TNTC).

Reference:

WHO, 2011. *Guidelines for Drinking-water Quality, 4th Edition*. World Health Organization, Geneva, Switzerland.

Associations between users' perceptions of their water service and system functionality metrics

There was a significant correlation between the functionality of the main drinking water source (functioning well, functioning not so well, not functioning) and the user's satisfaction (satisfied, dissatisfied, extremely dissatisfied). Better functioning sources were associated with the availability of the source when needed, and both were associated with higher users' satisfaction. Further, more hours of reported water availability were associated with higher rated source functionality at present and both were associated with higher confidence that the water system would be functional one year later.

The interruption in the water system within the last year during which no water was available for more than one week correlated negatively with the hours of water available per day at the tap, the current functionality and the confidence in a functional system one year later. So, more hours of water availability, better rated current functionality and higher confidence in the functionality after one year were associated with less interruptions. Further, interruptions correlated with lower user satisfaction with the water system. All Spearman's correlations presented were of moderate strength with p-values < .02. (More details on the correlation are in Table S8.)

Abbreviations

CFU colony forming units

DPD N,N-Diethyl-p-phenylendiamin

DWS drinking water scheme

E. coli Escherichia coli

Eawag Swiss Federal Institute of Aquatic Science and Technology

FCHV Female community health volunteer

FRC free residual chlorine

HWTS household water treatment and safe storage

IWRM Integrated Water Resource Management

M Mean

N sample size

NGO non-governmental organization

NPR Nepalese Rupee

OR odds ratio

SD standard deviation

SDG Sustainable Development Goal

TNTC too numerous to count

USD United States Dollar

VMW village maintenance worker

WASH water, sanitation and hygiene

WHO World Health Organization

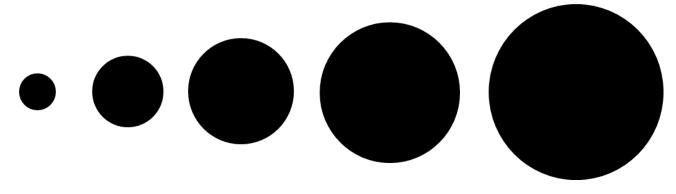
WSP water safety plan

WUSC water users' committee

Supplementary Figures and Tables

1.1 Supplementary Figures

Figure S1: 5-dot scale used for perception and ownership questions during the household and key informant interviews.



1.2 Supplementary tables

Table S1: Households' characteristics from all households reported at endline.

	N	Min.	Max.	Median	Mean	SD
Respondent age (years)	487	14	88	36	38.4	14.2
People in household	487	1	18	6	6.4	2.5
Children in household	487	0	10	3	2.7	1.6
School children	454	0	10	2	2.3	1.4
Children under 5 years	454	0	4	1	0.8	0.9
Household monthly expenditure (USD)	487	8.80	704.00	79.20	95.60	70.24
Household landownership (ropani)	471	0	50	5	6.1	5.8
Hours of water availability (h)	487	0	24	24	16.6	9.5

Table S2: Households' characteristics reported in percentage of all the households at baseline and endline.

67.7	69.6
21.7	21.4
9.9	8.8
16.4	23.4
33.5	20.5
13.4	18.3
5.9	10.1
14.2	8.2
4.1	6.3
1.4	5.5
7.9	4.9
19.1	19.5
16.6	16.6
4.1	7.6
32.9	40
27.2	16.4
0.2	1.2
91.9	95.1
6.7	3.9
0.8	0.6
0.6	0.4
	16.4 33.5 13.4 5.9 14.2 4.1 1.4 7.9 19.1 16.6 4.1 32.9 27.2 0.2 91.9 6.7 0.8

	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]
Floor made of		
earth	95.1	94.5
concrete	4.9	5.3
Roof made of		
stone slates	54	56
corrugated galvanized iron (CGI) sheet	24.5	29.2
straw	14.4	9.2
concrete	1.6	2.9
mud	5.5	2.5
Electricity		
electric grid	13.8	15.0
solar panel	77.5	83.0
no electricity (no grid, no panel)	12	6.4
Food production		
produce own food	97.2	96.3
don't produce food	2.8	3.7
Is anyone in this household involved in the water supply system in this community? (could mention multiple)		
no	71.0	71.0
water users' committee (WUSC) member	23.3	23.4
water safety plan task force member	2.4	1.6
village maintenance worker (VMW)	0.6	2.5
female community health volunteer (FCHV)	1	0.2
Water users committee meetings		
no answer	8.7	10.9
never	19.5	12.7
once a year	3	1.6
once every half a year	2	1.8
3 monthly	7.1	8.6
2 monthly	3.7	3.3
once a month	33.7	33.3

	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]
Main drinking water source		
piped village connections	71.2	71.3
piped household connections	27.0	26.1
open source	0.6	0.6
protected source	0.2	0.8
river	0.2	0.2
unmanaged piped water	0.8	0.8
rainwater		0.2

Table S3: Water system descriptions of all the systems at endline as mean, standard deviation (SD), and minimum and maximum values.

	Mean	SD	Min.	Max.
Households per scheme	67.4	44.0	29	250
Taps per scheme	30.8	43.1	5	250
Reservoirs per scheme	2.5	1.2	1	6
Sources per scheme	2.3	1.3	1	5
Households per tap	3.8	2.8	1	13

Table S4: Household characteristics of sanitary infrastructure and hygiene conditions, in percentage of households in the treatment and control systems at baseline and endline.

	Treat	ment	Con	trol
Toilets	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]
open defecation	0.6	0.0	1.7	0.6
shared toilets	7.4	1.6	13.3	1.7
simple pit latrine	11.5	15.9	20.0	19.6
ventilated improved pit latrine	80.5	82.5	65.0	78.2
Handwashing facilities				
non existing	24.3	17.3	38.3	30.0
pour water out from bucket	16.3	11.8	14.4	17.2
drum with tap	59.4	51.8	47.2	36.1
private tap (no option at baseline)		17.6		16.1
Handwashing facilities with soap available	53.0	66.2	35.0	33.5
Clean and good handwashing facilities	69.0	79.6	51.7	48.0
Animal kept over night				
in same house as people living	54.5	51.9	54.5	50.3
in same house but separate floor (no option at baseline)		27.9		27.9
not in same house as people	45.5	20.1	45.5	21.8

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Table S5: Risk categories of the *E. coli* concentration in the control and treatment systems and the samples of the treatment systems where chlorine was measured and the ones without measured chlorine.

	Treat	tment	Cor	itrol		ent with I chlorine	Treatment without measured chlorine		
E. coli	Baseline	Endline	Baseline	Baseline Endline		Endline	Baseline	Endline	
N	313	308	179	180	19	19	296	289	
<1 CFU/100 mL	10.9%	19.8%	10.1%	7.8%	5.3%	78.9%	11.2%	15.9%	
1 - 10 CFU/100 mL	29.4%	22.7%	28.5%	19.4%	31.6%	10.5%	29.3%	23.5%	
11 - 100 CFU/100 mL	36.4%	35.1%	29.6%	36.7%	42.1%	5.3%	36.1%	37.0%	
> 100 CFU/100 mL	23.3%	22.4%	31.8%	36.1%	21.1%	5.3%	23.5%	23.5%	

Table S6: Spearman's correlations of functionality and users' perception, reported as spearman's rho correlation coefficient in a 2-tailed test.

		Satisfaction	Availability when	Source	Functioning in	Interruptions	Hours of water
			needed	functionality	one year		availability
Availability when needed	Correlation Coefficient	.261**	1.000	.461**	.221**	242**	.157**
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000		.000	.000	.000	.001
Source functionality	Correlation Coefficient	.275**	.461**	1.000	.336**	266**	.108*
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.000	.000		.000	.000	.018
Functioning in one year	Correlation Coefficient	030	.221**	.336**	1.000	210**	.114*
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.511	.000	.000		.000	.012
Interruptions longer than a	Correlation Coefficient	109*	242**	266**	210**	1.000	127**
week	Sig. (2-tailed)	.017	.000	.000	.000		.005
Hours of water availability	Correlation Coefficient	.059	.157**	.108*	.114*	127**	1.000
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.196	.001	.018	.012	.005	•

^{**.} Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

^{*.} Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed).

Table S7: Condition of transportation and storage container, in percentage of households in the treatment and control systems at baseline and endline.

	Treat	tment	Control			
	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]	Baseline [%]	Endline [%]		
Transport container clean	77.6	93.0	75.4	64.3		
Transport container lid	60.7	79.0	79.0 54.1			
Transport container broken	2.8	7.0	4.9	9.5		
Storage container clean	79.4	94.0	75.4	59.5		
Storage container broken	18.7	10.0	16.4	2.4		
Storage container lid present	69.0	73.7	55.0	59.8		

Table S8: Construct of the binary comparison of the independent variables with the *E. coli* concentration at endline as basis for the ordinal logistic regression model

IV Category	General	Specific Indicator(s)		Variable	Spearman's		Mann Whitney	
	Construct			type	correlation	1	_	
					Correlation	p	Z	p
					coefficient			
Independent	Received	Household enrolment		Binary	-0.180	< .001	-3.982	0.000
variables of	REACH	group (1=treatment,						
Interest	broad	0=control)						
	intervention							
	Received	Intended chlorination					-5.952	0.000
	chlorination	(1=yes, 0=no)				004		
	through	Measured chlorine at EL		Continuous	-0.247	< .001		
	REACH				0.245	004		
		Measured chlorine in		Ordinal	-0.247	< .001		
		categories						
		0 = no chlorine detected						
		1= chlorine						
		concentration <0.2mg/L						
		2= chlorine						
	- · · ·	concentration >0.2mg/L	54.004	n.	0.040	0.202	1070	0.202
	Received	- Info received (1=yes,	64.9% yes	Binary	0.048	0.293	-1.053	0.292
	REACH	0=no)		0 1: 1	0.007	0.006		
	WASH	- Perception of water		Ordinal	-0.007	0.886		
	Promotion	safety						
		(1=safe, 5=very						
		risky)		0 1: 1	0.026	0.420		
		- WASH Awareness:		Ordinal	-0.036	0.428		
		Knowledge of						
		chance of getting						
		sick when drinking						
	** 1 11	untreated water	7.4.0 0/	ъ.	0.020	0.502	0.671	0.500
	Household	Practicing water	54.8% yes	Binary	-0.030	0.503	-0.671	0.502
	water	treatment at household						
	treatment	level (1=yes, 0=no)	50.504	n.	0.102	0.022	2 27 4	0.022
	Safe storage	Storage container lid	68.6% yes	Binary	-0.103	0.023	-2.274	0.023
	** .	present (1=yes, 0=no)	50.70	n.	0.122	0.010	2.555	0.010
	Hand	Hand washing facilities	69.7% yes	Binary	-0.133	0.010	-2.575	0.010
	hygiene	soap available (1=yes,						
	practices	0=no)			0.051	0.0.11		0.5.10
	Functionalit	- Interruption longer	16.2% yes	Binary	-0.051	0.261	-1.125	0.260
	y of the	than one week within						
	water	the last 6 months						
	system	(1=yes, 0=no)						
		- Interruption longer	26.20	D'assa	0.071	0.121	1.510	0.120
		than one day within	26.3% yes	Binary	-0.071	0.131	-1.512	0.130
		the last 6 months						
		(1=yes, 0=no)	99 70/	Ondin al	0.026	0.425		
		- Current functionality	88.7% yes	Ordinal	-0.036	0.425		
		(1 = no, 2 = yes, but)	well					
		not so well, $3 = yes$	10.5% yes					
		well)	not so well					
		Canfidance	0.8% no	0411	0.060	0.120		
		- Confidence that	1. 2.20/	Ordinal	-0.069	0.130		-
		system will be	1: 3.3%	D:	007	0.050	1 002	0.050
		functional in 1 year	2: 12.5%	Binary	086	0.059	-1.886	0.059
			3: 20.5%	(1,2,3=0;	<u> </u>			

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		(1 = not at all, 5 =	4: 39.4%	4,5=1)				
		very)	5: 24.2%	Binary	090	0.046	-1.994	0.046
				(1,2=0;				
	34: 4	O Cl d		3,4,5 = 1)	0.021	0.500		
	Maintenanc	- Confidence that		Ordinal	-0.031	0.502		
	e and repair	problem is fixed within 1 week	1.4%	Binary	-0.023	0.615	-0.504	0.614
		0=no answer	13.8%	(1 = 0;	-0.023	0.013	-0.304	0.014
		1=not at all confident	45.6%	(1 = 0, 2, 3 = 1)				
		2=somewhat	39.2%	2,3 1)				
		confident		Binary (1,2	-0.033	0.472	-0.720	0.471
		3=very confident		= 0; 3 = 1)				
		- VMW exists (1=yes, 0=no).	78.6% yes	Binary	-0.051	0.260	-1.126	0.260
	Intermittent	Hours of water available	Exact	Continuous	-0.087	0.055		
	water	at the tap per day	hours					0.5-:
	supply	0= intermittent (<=12h)	620 /	Binary	-0.082	0.071	-1.807	0.071
		1= continuous (>12h)	62%					
Other	Household	Number of HH	continuous	Continuous	0.087	0.056		
independent	size	members		Continuous	0.067	0.050		
variables	Children	Children < 5 years	57.7% yes	Binary	0.082	0.071	-1.876	0.061
, 41145165	present in	living in the HH	271770 yes		0.002	0.071	1.070	0.001
	home	(1=yes, 0=no)						
	Education	Interviewees highest	42.3% yes	Binary	0.029	0.518	-0.647	0.518
	level	level of education:						
		primary or higher						
	*** 1.1	(1=yes, 0=no)			0.004	0.020		
	Wealth level	Amount of typical		Continuous	-0.094	0.039		
	ievei	regular monthly expenditure						
	Housing	Floor material earth	94.5% yes	Binary	0.049	0.282	-1.077	0.282
	type	used (1=yes, 0=no)	74.570 yes	Diliai y	0.079	0.202	1.077	0.202
	Sanitation	Is toilet clean (1=yes,	68.5% yes	Binary	-0.034	0.452	-0.754	0.451
		0=no)		,				
	Animal	Animal sleeping in	20.7% no,	Ordinal	0.086	0.058		
	faeces	house:	51.3% yes					
			but					
			separate					
			floor	Binary	0.080	0.076	-1.775	0.076
		0= no, $1=$ yes and yes	27.9% yes					
		but on separate floor	79.2% →					
	District	V1: Achham = y/n	24.3%	All binary	0.157	< .001	-3.466	0.001
	District	V1. Actinati = y/n V2: Dailekh = y/n	18.3%	7311 Official y	0.137	0.798	-0.256	0.798
		V3: Jajarkot = y/n	19.9%		-0.077	0.089	-1.701	0.089
		V4: Kalikot = y/n	21.1%		0.048	0.292	-1.054	0.292
		V5: Surkhet = y/n	15.2%		-0.174	0.000	-3.839	0.000

Table S9: Ordinal logistic regression model including upper and lower boundary of the log odds and the odds ratio. Endline E. coli risk categories are: 0 = <1 CFU/100 mL (non-detect); 1 = 1-10 CFU/100 mL; 2 = 11-100 CFU/100 mL; and 3 = >100 E. coli CFU/100 mL (reference category).

Variable	Estimate	Std.	Wald	df	Sig.	95% CI		Exp(B)	95% CI	
	(log	Error				Lower	Upper	(OR)	Lower	Upper
	odds)					limit	limit		limit	limit
Endline <i>E. coli</i> risk category= 0	-2.460	0.543	20.548	1	0.000	-3.524	-1.397	0.085	0.029	0.247
Endline <i>E. coli</i> risk category= 1	-1.117	0.532	4.413	1	0.036	-2.159	-0.075	0.327	0.115	0.928
Endline E. coli risk category= 2	0.561	0.530	1.121	1	0.290	-0.477	1.598	1.752	0.620	4.945
Treatment scheme (yes = 1, no = 0)	-0.619	0.197	9.930	1	0.002	-1.004	-0.234	0.538	0.366	0.791
Measured chlorine concentration (mg/L)	-3.491	1.178	8.782	1	0.003	-5.800	-1.182	0.030	0.003	0.307
WASH information received (yes = 1, no = 0)	0.301	0.204	2.172	1	0.141	-0.099	0.702	1.351	0.905	2.017
Practicing household water treatment (yes = 1, no = 0)	0.275	0.229	1.439	1	0.230	-0.174	0.725	1.317	0.840	2.065
Presence of lid on storage container (yes = 1, no = 0)	-0.444	0.231	3.696	1	0.055	-0.897	0.009	0.641	0.408	1.009
Confidence of functionality in one year (5 = very confident, 1 = not confident at all)	-0.281	0.248	1.285	1	0.257	-0.767	0.205	0.755	0.464	1.227
Confidence of problem fixed in one week (5 = very confident, 1 = not confident at all)	0.077	0.184	0.174	1	0.676	-0.283	0.436	1.080	0.753	1.547
Hand washing facilities with soap available (yes = 1 , no = 0)	-0.144	0.219	0.431	1	0.512	-0.574	0.286	0.866	0.563	1.331
Hours of water availability (hours)	-0.009	0.009	0.872	1	0.350	-0.027	0.010	0.991	0.973	1.010
Number of people in household	0.043	0.038	1.289	1	0.256	-0.031	0.118	1.044	0.969	1.125
Presence of children under 5 years (yes = 1, no = 0)	0.158	0.184	0.733	1	0.392	-0.203	0.519	1.171	0.816	1.681
Monthly expenditure (USD)	-0.001	0.001	0.218	1	0.641	-0.003	0.002	1.209	0.853	1.715
Respondent completed primary or higher education (yes = 1, no = 0)	0.190	0.178	1.138	1	0.286	-0.159	0.539	0.999	0.997	1.002
Toilet clean (yes = 1 , no = 0)	-0.029	0.208	0.020	1	0.888	-0.436	0.378	0.971	0.647	1.459
Animal in same house overnight (yes = 1, no = 0)	0.286	0.249	1.326	1	0.250	-0.201	0.774	1.332	0.818	2.168
Achham_yes_no	0.210	0.280	0.563	1	0.453	-0.339	0.759	1.234	0.713	2.137
Jajarkot_yes_no	-0.642	0.325	3.915	1	0.048	-1.278	-0.006	0.526	0.279	0.994
Kalikot_yes_no	-0.397	0.313	1.602	1	0.206	-1.011	0.218	0.672	0.364	1.243
Surkhet_yes_no	-0.882	0.330	7.126	1	0.008	-1.529	-0.234	0.414	0.217	0.791