Belonging and Social Integration as Factors of Well-Being in Latin America and Latin Europe Organizations

Frontiers of Psychology

Silvia da Costa^{1*}, Edurne Martínez-Moreno¹, Virginia Díaz¹, Daniel Hermosilla¹, Alberto Amutio², Sonia Padoan¹, Doris Méndez⁴, Gabriela Etchebehere⁵, Alejandro Torres⁶, Saioa Telletxea³ and Silvia García Mazzieri⁷

¹Department of Social Psychology, Faculty of Psychology, University of the Basque Country, San Sebastian, Spain

²Departament of Social Psychology, Faculty of Labour Relations and Social Work, University of the Basque Country, Leioa, Spain

³Departament of Social Psychology, Faculty of Labour Relations and Social Work, University of the Basque Country, Vitoria, Spain

⁴Departament of Psychology, Faculty of Psychology, University of Talca, Talca, Chile

⁵Institute of Psychology, Education and Human Development, Faculty of Psychology,

University of the Oriental Republic of Uruguay, Montevideo, Uruguay ⁶Argentine National Defense University, Argentina

⁷Departament of Psychology, Regional Faculty of the National Technological University, Trenque Lauquen, Argentina

Corresponding author: Silvia da Costa e-mail: silviacristina.dacosta@ehu.eus

On line resources 7, Sociodemographic data of the participating sample by country in study 4. The variables used specifically in this study are marked in gray.

Socio-demographic variables

-	Age (years)	Sex Biserial poinr 1 = men, 2 = women	Level of study	Current sector	Job role At the time of the survey	Time in the organization
Spain	M = SD 35.88 = 9.15	63.4% (n = 52) women 36.6% (n = 30) men	University studies 67% (n = 55) Senior technician 12% (n = 10) Average technician 11% (n = 9) PhD 8.5% (n = 7) Primary education 1.2% (n = 1)	Service sector 51.2% (k = 5) Production sector 48.8% (k = 3)	Basic workers 53.8% (n = 43) Middle management 35.0% (n = 28) Management team 11.3% (n = 9)	< 5 years 37.8% (n = 31) 6-15 years 42.7% (n = 35) 16-25 years 11.0% (n = 9) >26 years 8.5 % (n = 7)